

Single Output

Quarter-brick

MILITARY COTS DC-DC CONVERTER

9-40V

9-55V

3.3V Output 25A Output 86% @ 12.5A / 85% @ 25A

Efficiency

Operation: -55°C to +100°C

The MilQor series of Mil-COTS DC-DC converters brings SynQor's field proven high-efficiency synchronous rectification technology to the Military/Aerospace industry. SynQor's ruggedized encased packaging approach ensures survivability in demanding environments. Compatible with the industry standard format, these converters operate at a fixed frequency, and follow conservative component derating guidelines. They are designed and manufactured to comply with a wide range of military standards.

Continuous Input Transient Input

Safety Features

- 2250V, 30 MΩ input-to-output isolation
- Certified 60950-1 requirement for basic insulation (see Standards and Qualifications page)

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard quarter-brick pin-out
- Size: 1.54" x 2.39" x 0.50"

(39.0 x 60.6 x 12.7 mm)

- Total weight: 3.2 oz. (91 g)
- Flanged baseplate version available

Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout
- Output current limit and short circuit protection
- Active back bias limit
- Output over-voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown

Specification Compliance

MCOTS series converters (with an MCOTS filter) are designed to meet:

- MIL-HDBK-704 (A-F)
- RTCA/DO-160E Section 16
- MIL-STD-1275 (B,D)
- DEF-STAN 61-5 (Part 6)/(5 or 6)
- MIL-STD-461 (C, D, E, F)

Mil-COTS



Designed and Manufactured in the USA

Operational Features

- High efficiency, 85% at full rated load current
- Operating input voltage range: 9-40 V
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI
- No minimum load requirement

Control Features

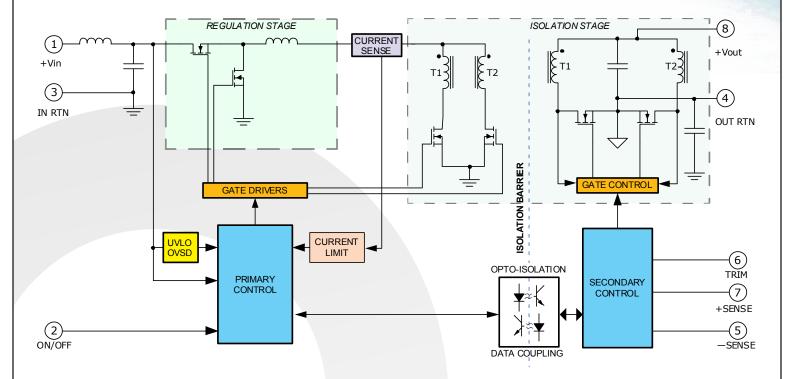
- On/Off control referenced to input return
- Remote sense for the output voltage
- Output voltage trim range of +10%, -20%

Screening/Qualification

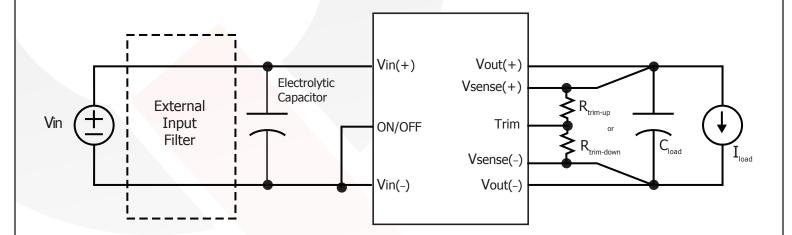
- · AS9100 and ISO 9001:2008 certified facility
- Qualified to MIL-STD-810
- Available with S-Grade or M-Grade screening
- Temperature cycling per MIL-STD-883, Method 1010, Condition B, 10 cycles
- Burn-In at 100C baseplate temperature
- Final visual inspection per MIL-STD-2008
- Full component traceability

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TYPICAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

MCOTS-C-28V-3R3-QT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Tb = 25 °C, Vin = 28 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -55 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Input Voltage Non-Operating Operating Operating Transient Protection Isolation Voltage Input to Output Input to Base-Plate Output to Base-Plate Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Voltage at ON/OFF input pin INPUT CHARACTERISTICS Operating Input Voltage Range Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold Lockout Voltage Hysteresis Recommended External Input Capacitance Input Filter Component Values (L\C) Maximum Input Current No-Load Input Current Disabled Input Current Response to Input Transient Input Terminal Ripple Current Recommended Input Fuse OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS Output Voltage Set Point Over Line Over Load Over Temperature Total Output Voltage Range Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak RMS	5 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	28 9.5 8.5 1.0 100 0.47\6.6 125 3 135 300	55 40 55 2250 2250 2250 100 135 18 40 10.0 8.9	V V V V dc V dc °C °C V V V V µF µH\µF A mA mA mV	Continuous Continuous 1 s transient, square wave Baseplate temperature 55V transient for 1 s; see Note 2 Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω Internal values; see Figure E Vin min; trim up; in current limit(Typ) 500 V/ms; See Figure 12 RMS
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Output CHARACTERISTICS Output Voltage Set Point 3.2 Output Voltage Regulation Over Line Over Load Over Temperature -49 Output Voltage Range 3.2 Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak				$\overline{}$	Fast acting external fuse recommended
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otal Output Voltage Range 3.2 Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak 0	.5		49.5	mV	
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak	18		3.383	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Peak-to-Peak (20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
RMS		70	140	mV	Full load
		12	20	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range (25	А	Subject to thermal derating
utput DC Current-Limit Inception 27	5	30	32.5	Α	Output voltage 10% Low
utput DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		1.8		V	
ack-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		1.2		Α	Negative current drawn from output
ack-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		10		mA	Negative current drawn from output
laximum Output Capacitance			10000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.2 A/µs)		180		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range -2)		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Figure C
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection 3.8	51	4.026	4.191	V	Over full temp range
FFICIENCY					
00% Load		85		%	
0% Load				/0	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: mqnbofae@synqor.com)

Note 2: Start-up guaranteed above 9.8V, but will operate down to 9V.

Product # MCOTS-C-28V-3R3-QT Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.synqor.com Doc.# 005-0005688 Rev. B 11/03/14 Page 3

Output: 3.3V **Current: 25A**

MCOTS-C-28V-3R3-QT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Tb = 25 °C, Vin = 28 Vdc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -55 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Turn-On Transient					
Turn-On Time		9		ms	Full load, Vout=90% nom.
Start-Up Inhibit Time	180	200	220	ms	See Figure F
Output Voltage Overshoot		0		%	Maximum Output Capacitance
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Isolation Voltage (dielectric strength)					See Absolute Maximum Ratings
Isolation Resistance	30			MΩ	
Isolation Capacitance (input to output)		1000		pF	See Note 1
TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATION	NG CURVES				
Semiconductor Junction Temperature			125	°C	Package rated to 150 °C
Board Temperature			125	°C	UL rated max operating temp 130 °C
Transformer Temperature			125	°C	
Maximum Baseplate Temperature, Tb			100	°C	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency	250	270	290	kHz	For both input and isolation stage
ON/OFF Control					
Off-State Voltage	2.4		18	V	
On-State Voltage	-2		0.8		
ON/OFF Control					Application notes Figures A & B
Pull-Up Voltage		5		V	
Pull-Up Resistance		50		kΩ	
Over-Temperature Shutdown OTP Trip Point		125		°C	Average PCB Temperature
Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis		10		°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS					
Calculated MTBF per MIL-HDBK-217F		3.4		10 ⁶ Hrs.	Ground Benign, 70°C Tb
Calculated MTBF per MIL-HDBK-217F		0.58		10 ⁶ Hrs.	Ground Mobile, 70°C Tb
Note 1: Higher values of isolation canacitance can be	ne added evte		module	1	1

Note 1: Higher values of isolation capacitance can be added external to the module.

STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

Notes & Conditions Parameter

STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

UL 60950-1/R:2011-12 **Basic Insulation**

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1/A1:2011

EN60950-1/A12:2011

Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements.

Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

Product # MCOTS-C-28V-3R3-QT Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.synqor.com Doc.# 005-0005688 Rev. B



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

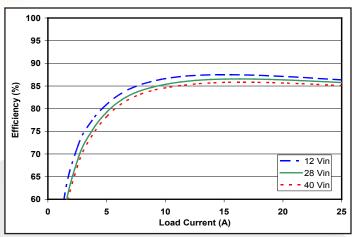


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

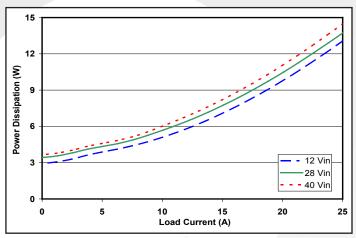


Figure 3: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at T_{CASE} =25°C.

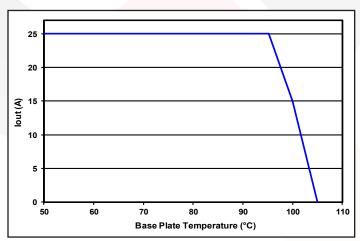


Figure 5: Maximum output current vs. base plate temperature (nominal input voltage).

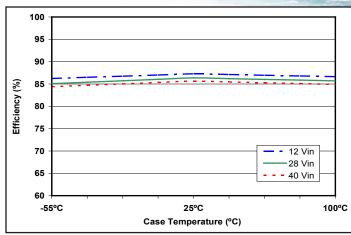


Figure 2: Efficiency at nominal output voltage and 60% rated power vs. case temperature for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage.

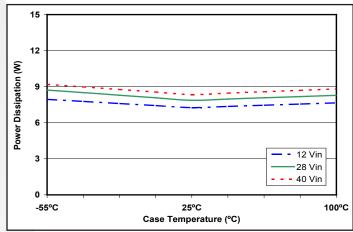


Figure 4: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage and 60% rated power vs. case temperature for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage.

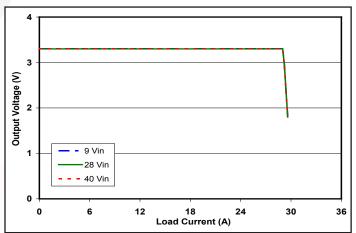


Figure 6: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves. See Current Limit section in the Application Notes.



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

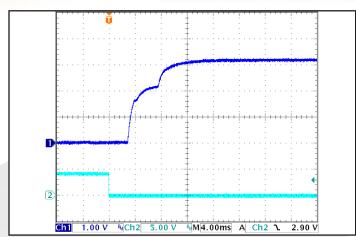


Figure 7: Typical startup waveform. Input voltage pre-applied, ON/OFF Pin on Ch 2.

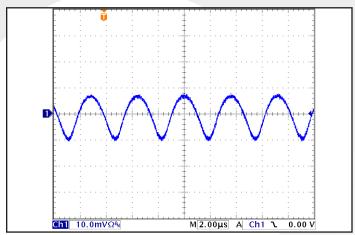


Figure 9: Input terminal current ripple, i_C, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with SynQor MCOTS filter module (500 mA/div). Bandwidth: 20MHz. See Figure 17.

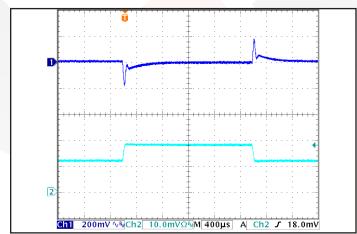


Figure 11: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dl/dt = 0.2 A/\mu s$). Load cap: $1 \mu F$ ceramic and $15 \mu F$ tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout (200mV/div), Ch 2: lout (10A/div).

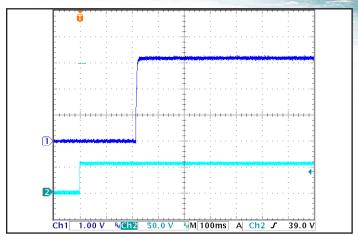


Figure 8: Turn-on transient at full resistive load and zero output capacitance initiated by Vin. ON/OFF Pin previously low. Ch 1: Vout (1V/div). Ch 2: Vin (50V/div).

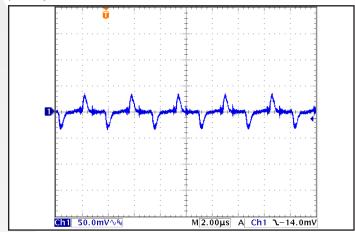


Figure 10: Output voltage ripple, Vout, at nominal input voltage and rated load current (50 mV/div). Load capacitance: 1μ F ceramic capacitor and 15μ F tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. See Figure 17.

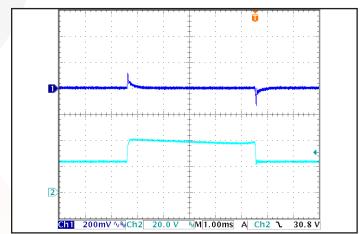


Figure 12: Output voltage response to step-change in input voltage (500V/ms). Load cap: 1 μ F ceramic and 15 μ F tantalum capacitors. Ch 1: Vout (200mV/div), Ch 2: Vin (20V/div).



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

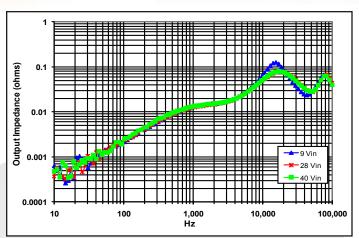


Figure 13: Magnitude of incremental output impedance $(Z_{out} = v_{out})$ for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

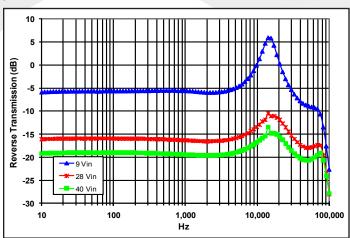


Figure 15: Magnitude of incremental reverse transmission ($RT = i_{in}/i_{out}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

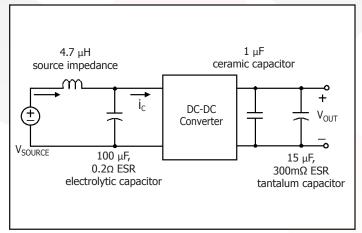


Figure 17: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current (Figure 9) and Output Voltage Ripple (Figure 10).

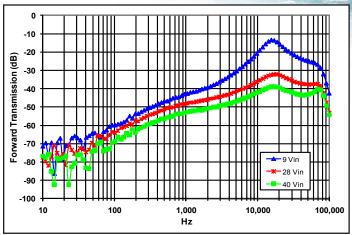


Figure 14: Magnitude of incremental forward transmission (FT = v_{out}) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

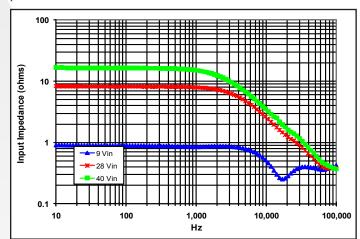


Figure 16: Magnitude of incremental input impedance $(Z_{in} = v_{in}/i_{in})$ for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

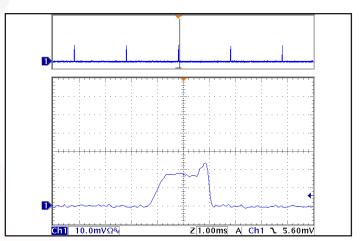


Figure 18: Load current (20A/div) as a function of time (1ms/div and 100ms/div) when the converter attempts to turn on into a 10 m Ω short circuit.

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

This Mil-COTS converter series uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage step-up or step-down to achieve the output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the converter has such high efficiency, even at very low output voltages and very high output currents.

These converter are offered totally encased to withstand harsh environments and thermally demanding applications. Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heatsink for operation in many applications; however, adding a heatsink provides improved thermal derating performance in extreme situations.

This series of converters use the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, Vin(-). The ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low turns the converter on). Figure A details four possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin. Figure B is a detailed look of the internal ON/ OFF circuitry.

REMOTE SENSE(\pm) (Pins 7 and 5): The SENSE(\pm) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 7 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 5 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the board where regulation is desired. A remote connection at the load can adjust for a voltage drop only as large as that specified in this datasheet, that is

Pins 7 and 5 must be connected for proper regulation of the output voltage. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: the output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the output (pins 8 and 4) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's sense leads (pins 7 and 5). Therefore, the resistive drop on the board should be small enough so that output OVP does not trigger, even during load transients.

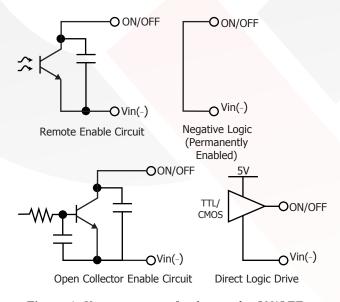


Figure A: Various circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

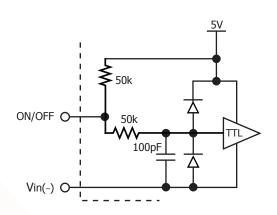


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 6): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 5 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

$$R_{\text{trim-down}} = \left(\frac{511}{\Lambda\%}\right) - 10.22 \text{ (k}\Omega)$$

where

$$\Delta\% = \left| \frac{\text{Vnominal} - \text{Vdesired}}{\text{Vnominal}} \right| \times 100\%$$

To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 6 and Pin 7 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor

R_{trim-up} =
$$\left(\frac{5.11 V_{\text{out}} \times (100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right)$$
 (kΩ) where V_{out} = Nominal Output Voltage

Trim graphs show the relationship between the trim resistor value and Rtrim-up and Rtrim-down, showing the total range the output voltage can be trimmed up or down.

Note: the TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

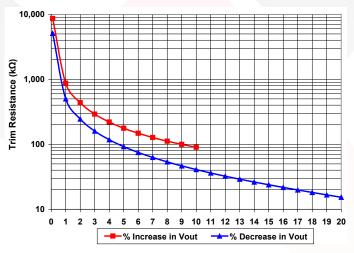


Figure C: Trim graph for trim-up, trim down.

It is not necessary for the user to add capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally bypassed to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of V_{out}: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the dc value of V_{our}, due to both trimming and remote load voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

PROTECTION FEATURES

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping avoid an input system instability problem, described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability" on our website. The lockout circuitry is a comparator with dc hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value (listed on the specifications page) before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a short-circuit condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 200 ms the converter will automatically restart.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the Over-Temperature Shutdown value. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis value.

Output Current Limit: The maximum current limit remains constant as the output voltage drops. However, once the impedance of the load across the output is small enough to make the output voltage drop below the specified Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage, the converter turns off.

The converter then enters a "hiccup" mode where it repeatedly turns on and off at a 5 Hz (nominal) frequency with 5% duty cycle until the short circuit condition is removed. This prevents excessive heating of the converter or the load board.

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any dc-dc converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynQor website which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it.

Application Circuits: Figure D provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

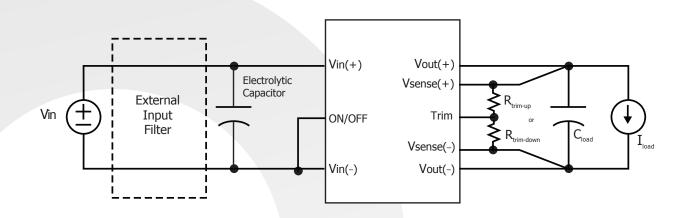


Figure D: Typical application circuit (negative logic unit, permanently enabled).

Input Filtering and External Capacitance: Figure E provides a diagram showing the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of the converter's external electrolytic input capacitor. The recommended external input capacitance

is specified in the Input Characteristics section on the Electrical Characteristics page. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

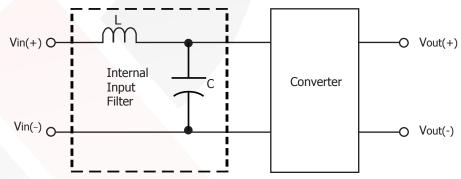


Figure E: Internal Input Filter Diagram

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

Startup Inhibit Period: The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for approximately 200 ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 5 Hz "hiccup" mode, which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are seven ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit Period:

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout
- Input Over-Voltage Lockout
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Figure F shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t_0 , t_1 , and t_2 :

Before time t_0 , when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t₁, the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes high after t_2 , the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

Thermal Considerations: The maximum operating base-plate temperature, $T_{\mbox{\tiny B}}$, is 100 °C. Refer to the thermal derating curve, Figure 5, to see the available output current at baseplate temperatures below 100 °C.

A power derating curve can be calculated for any heatsink that is attached to the base-plate of the converter. It is only necessary to determine the thermal resistance, $R_{TH_{BA}}$, of the chosen heatsink between the base-plate and the ambient air for a given airflow rate. This information is usually available from the heatsink vendor. The following formula can then be used to determine the maximum power the converter can dissipate for a given thermal condition:

$$P_{diss}^{max} = \frac{T_{B} - T_{A}}{R_{TH_{BA}}}$$

This value of power dissipation can then be used in conjunction with the data shown in Figure 3 to determine the maximum load current (and power) that the converter can deliver in the given thermal condition.

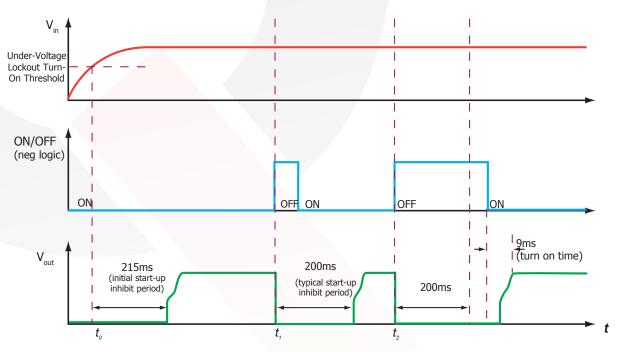
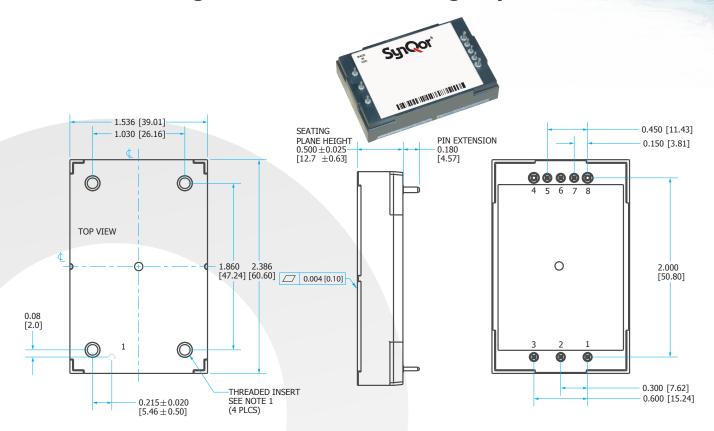


Figure F: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

Mechanical Drawing - Normal Thermal Design Option



NOTES

- M3 screws used to bolt unit's baseplate to other surfaces (such as a heatsink) must not exceed 0.100" (2.54 mm) depth below the surface of the baseplate.
- 2) Applied torque per screw should not exceed 6in-lb (0.7 Nm).
- Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.004" (.10mm) TIR for surface. 3)
- Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) 4) diameter standoff shoulders.
- Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57 mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- All Pins: Material Copper Alloy; Finish Matte Tin over Nickel plate 6)
- 7) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- Weight: 3.2 oz. (91 g) typical
- All dimensions in inches (mm) 9)

Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A610 Class II Recommended pin length is 0.03" (0.76mm) greater than the PCB thickness.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off,
		referenced to Vin(-), with internal pull up.
3	IN RTN	Input return
4	OUT RTN	Output return
5	SENSE(-)	Negative remote sense ¹
6	TRIM	Output voltage trim ²
7	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense ³
8	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage

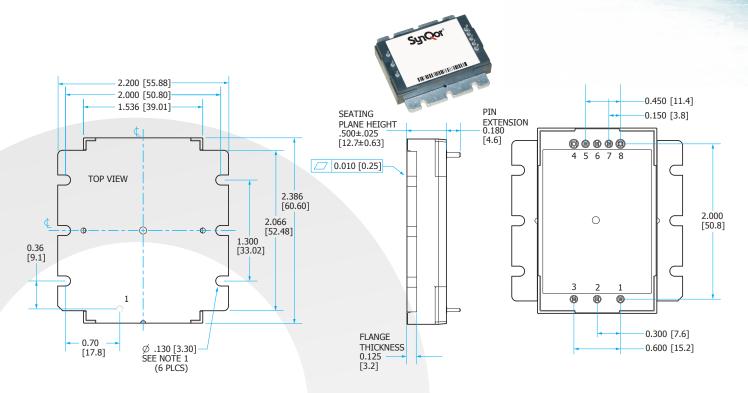
Notes:

- SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or 1) at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.



Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

Mechanical Drawing - Flanged Thermal Design Option



NOTES

- Applied torque per screw should not exceed 5in-lb. (3in-lb recommended)
- 2) Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.010" (.25mm) TIR for surface.
- 3) Pins 1-3, 5-7 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 4) Pins 4 and 8 are 0.062" (1.57mm) diameter with 0.100" (2.54mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 5) Other pin extension lengths available.
- 6) All Pins: Material Copper Alloy; Finish Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 7) Weight: 3.5 oz. (98 g) typical
- 8) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 9) All dimensions in inches (mm)
 Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

10) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A610 Class II

PIN DESIGNATIONS - CONVERTER

Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off,
		referenced to Vin(-), with internal pull up.
3	IN RTN	Input return
4	OUT RTN	Output return
5	SENSE(-)	Negative remote sense ¹
6	TRIM	Output voltage trim ²
7	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense ³
8	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage

Notes:

- 1) SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter.
- 2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.
- SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

Mil-COTS Qualification

Test Name	st Name Details		Consistent with MIL- STD-883F Method	Consistent with MIL-STD- 883F Method 5005	
Life Testing	and after 1000 nour burn-in @ full load		Method 1005.8		
Shock-Vibration	k-Vibration Visual, mechanical and electrical testing before, during and after shock and vibration tests			MIL-STD-202, Methods 201A & 213B	
Humidity	+85°C, 95% RH, 1000 hours, 2 minutes on / 6 hours off		Method 1004.7		
Temperature Cycling	ure 500 cycles of -55°C to +100°C (30 minute dwell at each temperature)		Method 1010.8	Condition A	
Solderability 15 pins		15 (0)	Method 2003		
DMT	-65°C to +110°C across full line and load specifications in 5°C steps				
Altitude	70,000 feet (21 km), see Note	2 (0)			

Note: A conductive cooling design is generally needed for high altitude applications because of naturally poor convective cooling at rare atmospheres.

Mil-COTS DC-DC Converter and Filter Screening

Screening	Process Description	S-Grade	M-Grade	
Baseplate Operating Temperature		-55°C to +100°C	-55°C to +100°C	
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +135°C	-65°C to +135°C	
Pre-Cap Inspection	IPC-610, Class III	•	•	
Temperature Cycling	Method 1010, Condition B, 10 Cycles		•	
Burn-In	100°C Baseplate	12 Hours	96 Hours	
Final Electrical Test	100%	25°C	-55°C, +25°C, +100°C	
Final Visual Inspection	MIL-STD-2008	•	•	

Mil-COTS MIL-STD-810G Qualification Testing

MIL-STD-810G Test	Method	Description					
Fungus	508.6	Table 508.6-I					
Altitude	500.5 - Procedure I	Storage: 70,000ft. / 2 Hr. duration					
Aititude	500.5 - Procedure II	Operating; 70,000ft. / 2 Hr. duration; Ambient Temperature					
Rapid Decompression	500.5 - Procedure III	Storage: 8,000ft. to 40,000ft.					
Acceleration	513.6 - Procedure II	Operating - 15g's					
Salt Fog	509.5	Storage					
High Temperature	501.5 - Procedure I	Storage: 135°C / 3 hrs					
nigii reiliperature	501.5 - Procedure II	Operating: 100°C / 3 hrs					
Low Temperature	502.5 - Procedure I	Storage: -65C / 4 hrs					
Low remperature	502.5 - Procedure II	Operating: -55C / 3 hrs					
Temperature Shock 503.5 - Procedure I - C Storage: -65C		Storage: -65C to 135C; 12 cycles					
Rain	506.5 - Procedure I	Wind Blown Rain					
Immersion	512.5 - Procedure I	Non-Operating Non-Operating					
Humidity	507.5 - Procedure II	Aggravated cycle @ 95% RH (Figure 507.5-7 aggravated temp - humidity cycle, 15 cycles)					
Random Vibration	514.6 - Procedure I	10-2000 Hz, PSD level of 1.5 g2/Hz(54.6grms), duration = 1 hr/axis					
Shock	516.6 - Procedure I	20g's peak, 11ms, Functional Shock (Operating no load) (saw tooth)					
SHOCK	516.6 - Procedure VI	Bench Handling Shock					
Sinusoidal vibration	514.6 - Category 14	Rotary wing aircraft - helicopter, 4hrs/axis, 20g's (sine sweep from 10 - 500HZ)					
Sand and Dust	510.5 - Procedure I	Blowing Dust					
Julia alla Dust	510.5 - Procedure II	Blowing Sand					

Output: 3.3V Current: 25A

Ordering Information/ Part Numbering

Example MCOTS-C-28V-3R3-OT-N-S

Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability.

Family	Product	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Package	Thermal Design	Screening Level	Options
MCOTS	C: Converter	28: 16-40V 28V: 9-40V 28VE: 9-70V 48: 34-75V 270: 155-425V	1R8: 1.8V 3R3: 3.3V 05: 5.0V 07: 7.0V 12: 12V 15: 15V 24: 24V 28: 28V 48: 48V	QT: Quarter Brick	N: Normal Threaded F: Flanged	S: S-Grade M: M-Grade	[]: Standard Feature

APPLICATION NOTES

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in PDF format from our website.

PATENTS

SynQor holds the following U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to each product listed in this document. Additional patent applications may be pending or filed in the future.

5,999,417	6,222,742	6,545,890	6,577,109	6,594,159	6,731,520
6,894,468	6,896,526	6,927,987	7,050,309	7,072,190	7,085,146
7,119,524	7,269,034	7,272,021	7,272,023	7,558,083	7,564,702
7 765 607	7 797 261	8 033 300	8 140 507	Q 403 751	8 644 027

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<u>Warranty</u>

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